Programmer's Manual

DPP-250

Firmware Description

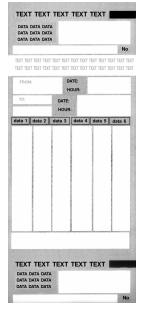
	Name and Family Name	Occupation	Data	Signature
Prepared by:	Petar Gornishki	Programmer – Firmware	16 .11.2009г.	
Approved by:	Antonio Kandov	Development Dept. Manager	16 .11.2009г.	

DIP Switches Settings

Switch	OFF	ON
Sw1	Bluetooth enabled	Bluetooth disabled
Sw2 Continuous paper mode		Label/Black mark mode*
Sw3	None	Xon/Xoff protocol
Sw4 Normal operation mode		Protocol mode

The printer has two operation modes. They are determined by the state of switch Sw2:

OFF	Continuous paper mode
ON	Black Mark searching mode

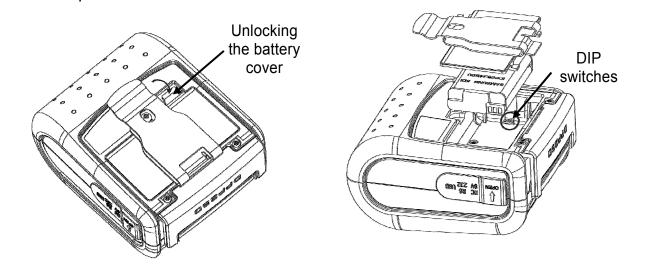


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* The black mark searching mode is designed for accurate positioning starting print position on paper with printed information on it.

DIP Switches Location

The DIP switch location is shown in the illustration below:



Diagnostic Inforamation, Dump Mode, Firmware Updating

Holding **LF** button while power **on** SHOR SELF TEST print. for ~ 0.5 sec and releasing it after the **1-beep**. Holding **LF** button while power **on** It starts Hex DUMP mode. for ~ 2.5 sec and releasing it after the 2-All input data are printed hexadecimal and as text. beep. Holding **LF** button while power **on** LONG **SELF TEST** print. for ~ 4.5 sec and releasing it after the 3beep. Holding **LF** button while power **on** Program mode – for more than **8.5** sec and releasing it after loading the printer firmware. the 5-beep 4-tone beep. If serial cable is connected Holding **ON** button while power **on** for ~ 4 sec (first sound signal) (RS232 communication) – Temporary forcing 9600 bps serial speed. If no serial cable connected (Bluetooth or USB communication) starting a hardware menu for fast Bluetooth pairing info reset. Holding **ON** button while power **on** It enters Hardware Setup Mode. for ~ 6 sec.

Protocol mode

Protocol mode is active when DIP switch **4** is **on**. The purpose of this mode is to give full control over the optional peripherals (MC and smart card reader) and a stronger real time access to the printer. All input data are sent in packets as described below. The printer returns an answer to the packet immediately.

Output packet format:	Channel Command LenHi LenLo Data				
Answer format:	Channel Statu	us LenHi	LenLo Data		
Channel:	One byte:	Bits 0 -	- 6		
			Channel number (Dev	ice Type)	
		Bit 7			
			0: Send data;		
			1: Response		
Command:	One byte with possible	0:	Open channel (No action – all channels always open) Close channel (No action – all channels always open)		
	value:	1:			
		2:	Send data		
		3:	Request data		
		> 4:	Application specific		
Status:	One byte:		0	1	
		Bit 0	No error	Error occured	
		Bit 1	ACK (Packet accepted)	NACK (Packet not accepted)	
		Bit 2	Channel and command OK	Wrong channel or command	
		Bit 3	Battery OK	Low battery	
Bit 4 Printing head OK		Printing head OK	Printing head too hot		
		Bit 5	Paper OK	Out of paper	
		Bit 6			
		Bit 7			

Bit 7 is set, if:

- There are unprinted lines in the print buffer.
- There are bytes in the print buffer.
- The printer is executing a macro.
- The printer is executing a selftest.
- The button <LF> is pressed feeding paper.

LenHi:	Hihg byte of data length of data. From 00h too 08h.
LenLo:	Lowg byte of data length of data. From 00h to FFh.
Data:	256*LenHi +LenLo data bytes.

The maximum packet length is 2048 bytes.

The answer differs from the command by **bit 7** (MSB) in the channel number. If **bit 7** is '0', then it is a command, if it is '1' – it is a response. Bit '0' in the **Status** byte shows if there was an error accepting or processing the data block. If this bit is '1' the other bits show the type of the error.

The printer never issues a transmission by itself. It always responds as an answer to a command. **The communication goes like this:**

Host - command, Printer - answer; Host - command, Printer - answer; etc.

The defined channels are:

1 Printer.

16 (10h) Optional card reader.

Commands for the printer channel 1:

Command 2	Send data.
	The data are copied into the printer's print buffer. If there's not enough space into the print buffer, the packet is rejected, and a status byte with value 3 is returned in the answer.
Command 3	Receive data
	If there are data to be transmitted from the printer to the host, it is transmitted in the data field of the packet, otherwise an empty packet is received. The application must take care to get the data fast enough from the output buffer or the data may be corrupt.

Command 4	3	s. Irned in response L o PrStatus Volt		
	BufferHi	High byte of the count of free bytes in input buffer.		
	BufferLo	Low byte of input buffer.	the count of free bytes in	
	PrStatus	Printer status. The following bits defined:		
		Bit 0	Battery low	
		Bit 1	Too hot	
		Bit 2	No paper	
	Volt	The battery vo	Itage in units 0.1V	
	Temperature	The head temp	perature in degrees Celsius.	

If free bytes in input buffer are more than 65535 (FFFFh), then FFFFh is returned.

Using channel 16 is the only way for full control over the optional card reader.

Communication example (all bytes hexadecimal):

Send data:	>>> 01 02 00 05 11 22 33 44 55
	<<< 81 00 00 00
Send data with error:	>>> 01 02 00 05 11 22 33 44 55
	<<< 81 01 00 00
	>>> 01 02 00 05 11 22 33 44 55
	<<< 81 01 00 00
	>>> 01 02 00 05 11 22 33 44 55
	<<< 81 00 00 00
Receive data:	>>> 01 03 00 00
	<<< 81 00 00 00
	>>> 01 03 00 00
	<<< 81 00 00 04 11 22 33 44
	>>> 01 03 00 00
	<<< 81 00 00 00
Get status:	>>> 01 04 00 00
	<<< 81 00 00 05 3F F8 01 49 27

Page mode

Starting from **version 1.40** the printer supports page mode. For this mode is needed larger RAM, so it is possible, that some of the older printers will not support it. You can check this using command **ESC Z** (bit **29.6** will be set if page mode is supported).

New 13 commands are added in page mode, most of the old command work differently.

In standard mode the device prints the data after receiving new line command (**LF** or **CR** depending on memory switches) or when the line is wider than the defined print area.

In page mode the result of incoming commands is forwarded to a reserved memory area (page). The page place and size is defined using command **ESC W**. Command **GS T** selects the print direction in this page. At the end the collected information is printed using one of the commands, provided for this. Commands **ESC FF** and **GS FF** print only the currently defined page, but command **ESC Z** prints the area between the first and last line containing at least one black point.

All commands except **GS L** and **GS W** work in page mode. The centering and right alignment (command **ESC a**) is working in the currently defined page width.

Ruled lines

Starting with version 1.48 new commands added to make printing tables in standard and page mode easier.

The printer has two line buffers with size the maximum printing width (paper width in standard mode or the selected page width in page mode). When ruled lines are active, then every horizontal line of the text line is combined with the selected ruled line buffer. Bit '1' in the ruled line buffer is a black dot in OR mode and inverts the color of the dot in XOR mode. Two commands allow the ruled line buffers to be printed without combining with a text line.

When pressing the **FEED** button, no ruled lines buffer is applied.

All ruled lines commands start with symbol **DC3** (ASCII code 13h). Please see command **DC2 =**, too.

Warning!

The ruled lines print position depends not on **GS L** and **GS W** (left margin and line width) and is always at the beginning of the line (or at the beginning of the printable area in page mode). The printed text and graphic change their position according these commands.

When printing 180 degrees rotated lines (command **ESC {**) ruled lines buffers are not rotated!

List of Commands for ESC/POS Mode

Nº	Command	Description	page
1	BEL	Sounds the buzzer	12
2	HT	Horizontal Tab command	12
3	LF	Printing a line and Paper Feeding command	12
4	FF	Printing and paper feeding to the black mark position	12
5	CR	The operation of the command depends on the state of the configuration flags 2, 3 and 4	13
6	DC2 =	Image LSB/MSB select	13
7	DC3 (DC3 (Ruled line) commands sequence start	14
8	DC3 +	Sets the ruled line ON	14
9	DC3 -	Sets the ruled line off	15
10	DC3 A	Selects ruled line A	15
11	DC3 B	Selects ruled line B	15
12	DC3 C	Clears selected ruled line buffer	16
13	DC3 D	Sets a single dot in selected ruled line buffer	16
14	DC3 F	Ruled line pattern set	16
15	DC3 L	Ruled line line set	17
16	DC3 M	Selects ruled line combine mode	17
17	DC3 P	Ruled line 1 dot line print	18
18	DC3 p	Ruled line n dots line print	18
19	DC3 v	Ruled line image write	19
20	CAN	Canceling print data in page mode	19
21	ESC FF	Printing data in page mode	19
22	ESC RS	Sounds the buzzer	19
23	ESC SP	Setting character spacing	20
24	ESC #	Setting EURO symbol position	20
25	ESC \$	Specifying the absolute horizontal position of printing	20
26	ESC %	Selecting/Canceling the printing of downloaded user character sets	20
27	ESC &	Selecting user character set	21
28	ESC !	Specifying printing mode of text data	22
29	ESC *	Printing graphical data	23
30	ESC +	Switchs OFF the printer	26

N⁰	Command	Description	page
31	ESC -	Selecting/Canceling underlining	26
32	ESC .	Printing self test/diagnostic information	27
33	ESC 2	Specifying 1/6-inch line feed rate	27
34	ESC 3	Specifying line feed rate n/203 inches	27
35	ESC <	Changes print direction to opposite	27
36	ESC =	Data input control	27
37	ESC >	Selecting print direction	28
38	ESC ?	Reading magnetic stripe card	28
39	ESC @	Initializing the printer	29
40	ESC CAL	Black mark mode sensor calibration	30
41	ESC D	Setting horizontal tab position	30
42	ESC E	Specifying/Canceling highlighting	31
43	ESC F	Filling or inverting the page area in page mode	31
44	ESC G	Specifying/Canceling highlighting	32
45	ESC I	Specifying/Canceling Italic print	32
46	ESC J	Printing and Paper feed n/203 inches	32
47	ESC L	Selecting page mode	32
48	ESC N	Reading programmed serial number	33
49	ESC R	Selecting country	33
50	ESC S	Specifying speed (bps) of the serial port	33
51	ESC T	Printing short self test	34
52	ESC U	Selecting/Canceling underlined printing	34
53	ESC V	Selecting/Canceling printing 90°- right turned characters	34
54	ESC W	Defining the print area in page mode	35
55	ESC X	Specifying max printing speed	35
56	ESC Y	Selecting intensity level	36
57	ESC Z	Returning diagnostic information	36
58	ESC \	Specifying relative horizontal position	38
59	ESC]	Loading the default settings stored in Flash memory	38
60	ESC ^	Saving current settings in Flash memory	39
61	ESC _	Loading factory settings	39
62	ESC `	Reading the Battery Voltage and Thermal head temperature	40

N⁰	Command	Description	page
63	ESC a	Aligning the characters	40
64	ESC b	Increasing text line height	40
65	ESC c5	Enabling/Disabling the functioning of the button LF	41
66	ESC d	Printing and feeding paper by n- lines	41
67	ESC f	Select symbol '0' printing style	41
68	ESC i	Feeding paper backwards	41
69	ESC o	Temporarily feeding paper forward	42
70	ESC pair=	Enabling/Disabling PAIRING info saving in Bluetooth mode	42
71	ESC pwd=	Programming a new Bluetooth password (PIN)	42
72	ESC r	Full command for sounding buzzer	43
73	ESC s	Reading printer settings	45
74	ESC u	Selecting code table	46
75	ESC v	Transmitting the printer status	47
76	ESC x	Setting the time interval for automatically switching Off the printer	48
77	ESC y BTH:	Bluetooth module settings adjustment	48
78	ESC {	Enabling/Canceling printing of 180° turned characters	49
79	GS FF	Printing in page mode and returning to standard mode	49
80	GS \$	Specifying the absolute vertical position in page mode	49
81	GS)	Setting printer flags (memory switches)	50
82	GS *	Defining a Downloaded Bit Image (logo)	51
83	GS /	Printing a Downloaded Bit Image	51
84	GS :	Starting/ending macro definitions	52
85	GS B	Enabling/Disabling inverse printing (white on black)	52
86	GS C	Read the Real Time Clock	52
87	GS H	Selecting printing position of HRI Code	53
88	GS L	Setting the left margin	53
89	GS Q	Printing 2-D barcodes	53
90	GS R	Filling or inverting a rectangle in page mode	55
91	GS S	Selecting 2-D barcode cell size	56
92	GS T	Selecting the print direction in page mode	56
93	GS U	Selecting standard mode	56
94	GS W	Setting the print area width	57

95	GS X	Drawing a rectangular box with selected thickness in page mode	57
96	GS Z	Printing the non blank page area only in page mode	58
97	GS \	Specifying the relative vertical position in page mode	58
98	GS ^	Executing macro	58
99	GS c	Setting the Real Time Clock	59
100	GS f	Setting the font of HRI characters of the barcode	59
101	GS h	Setting the height of the barcode	60
102	GS k	Printing a barcode	60
103	GS p	Settings for 2D barcode PDF417	63
104	GS q	Selecting the height of the module of 2D barcode PDF417	63
105	GS w	Selecting the horizontal size (Scale factor) of the barcode	63
106	GS x	Direct text print in page mode	63

Asian Languages Support

107	FS !	Specifying printing mode of two-byte text data	65
108	FS &	Selecting two-byte text mode (JIS or GB2312)	65
109	FS -	Selecting/Canceling underline mode for two-byte text mode	66
110	FS.	Canceling two-byte text mode	66
111	FS 2	Defining one custom Kanji character	66
112	FS C	Selecting Shift-JIS mode (Japanese version only)	67
113	FS S	Specifying character spacing for two-byte text mode	67
114	FS W	Selecting double size characters for two-byte text mode	67

Command Details

1. (BEL) Sounds the Buzzer

Code	[07h]
Description	By executing this command the buzzer will beep.

2. (HT) Horizontal Tab command

Code	[09h]
Description	Shifts the printing position to the next horizontal tab position. The horizontal tab position is set by ESC D . By default the horizontal tab position is at each 8th character (in 9th, 17th, 25th column) from FONT A .

3. (LF) Printing a line and Paper Feeding command

Code	[0Ah]
Description	Prints data stored in input buffer and feeds paper with one line (the height of a line that has been set).

4. (FF) Printing and paper feeding to the black mark position

Code	[0Ch]
Description	This command prints the data in the printer buffer and searches for black mark. It is ignored if black mark mode is not specified.
	1. Error detection in black mark mode:
	Paper end is not checked during printing and also black mark is not checked.
Notes for Black Mark Function	After receiving FF command, printer checks black mark and paper end . Once black is detected and white is detected again within 6 mm paper feed, it is determined as a black mark. If the white is not detected within 6 mm paper feed, it is determined as paper end.
	After receiving FF command, if printer cannot detect black mark by feeding paper for 360 mm , printer recognizes it as black mark detecting error. And the result is same as detecting paper end .
	To release the error, it is necessary to put correct paper and press LF switch long (for more than 1 sec).

	2.	2. LF switch operation in black mark mode:	
		Pressing short:	Feeds one line.
		Pressing for >1 sec: (The same as sending	Feed paper to find next black mark. FF command).
Remarks for programming	1 .	As it is possible to print on black mark, if user does not want to print on the black mark, it have to be taken care by user side program	
Remarks on handling	2.		open in black mark mode, there is a it as detecting black mark.

5. (CR) The operation of the command depends on the state of the configuration flags 2, 3 and 4

Code	[0Dh]
Description	This command is ignored or its action is the same as LF depending on the state of memory switches set with last command GS).

6. (DC2 =) Image LSB/MSB select

Code	[12	[12h] + [3Dh] + n	
Description	The command selects whether the left edge of print image is the LSB or MSB for commands GS *, DC3 F and DC3 v .		
	n is from 0 to FFh , but only least significant bit checked:		
	0	LSB is the left edge.	
	1	MSB is the left edge.	
	The	default value is 1.	
The command is supported in firmware version 1.48 or higher.			

Code	[13h] + [28h]
Description	Following this command the printer receives DC3 commands without DC3 symbol at the beginning.
	The symbol ')' ends the sequence.
	All commands, which are not DC3 commands, are ignored.
The command is supported in firmware version 1.48 or higher.	

7. (DC3 () DC3 (Ruled line) commands sequence start

8. (DC3 +) Sets the ruled line ON

Code	[13h] + [2Bh]	
Description	After receiving this command every printed line is combined with the selected ruled line buffer. This happens when commands LF, ESC J, ESC d, DC3 P, DC3 p are executed.	
	Depending on last command DC3 M executed the ruled line buffer is combined with the text using OR (if there is a bit ' 1 ' in ruled line buffer, a black dot is printed) or XOR (if there is a bit ' 1 ' in ruled line buffer, then the corresponding dot is inverted).	
	All DC3 command except DC3 P and DC3 p are executed when ruled line mode is off, too. Su the ruled line buffers can be cleared or set before this command.	
	The command DC3 – sets ruled lines of f.	
	In page mode nothing is printed outside the selected using ESC W area.	
	The command does not clear rule line buffers.	
	By defaul t ruled lines are disabled .	
The command is supported in firmware version 1.48 or higher.		

9. (DC3 -) Sets the ruled line OFF

Code	[13h] + [2Dh]
Description	The command disables ruled line mode.
	All DC3 command except DC3 P and DC3 p are executed when ruled line mode is off, too. Su the ruled line buffers can be cleared or set after this command.
	The command DC3 + sets ruled lines on .
	The command does not clear rule line buffers.
	By default ruled lines are disabled .
The command is supported in firmware version 1.48 or higher.	

10. (DC3 A) Selects ruled line buffer A

Code	[13h] + [41h]
Description	Makes ruled line buffer A active.
	All DC3 commands for clearing or setting data use the active ruled line buffer. When ruled line is enabled, then printing a line and commands DC3 P and DC3 p use this buffer.
	By default buffer A is selected .
The command is supported in firmware version 1.48 or higher.	

11. (DC3 B) Selecs ruled line buffer B

Code	[13h] + [42h]
Description	Makes ruled line buffer B active. All DC3 commands for clearing or setting data use the active ruled line buffer. When ruled line is enabled, then printing a line and commands DC3 P and DC3 p use this buffer. By default buffer B is selected .
The command is supported in firmware version 1.48 or higher.	

12. (DC3 C) Clears selected ruled line buffer

Code	[13h] + [43h]
Description	Clears selected ruled line buffer (Sets all bits to 0).
	After power on or command ESC @ both buffers are clear.
	Entering or leaving ruled line mode (DC3 + and DC3 -) does not clear ruled line buffers.
The command is supported in firmware version 1.48 or higher.	

13. (DC3 D) Sets a single dot in selected ruled line buffer

Code	[13h] + [44h] + nL + nH
Description	Set to '1' one bit of the active ruled line buffer.
	The dot coordinates are nL+256*nH .
	Coordinates outside the printable area are ignored.
The command is supported in firmware version 1.48 or higher.	

14. (DC3 F) Ruled line pattern set

Code	[13h] + [46h] + n1 + n2
Description	The command fills the selected ruled line buffer with the data sequence n1 , n2 .
	Permitted values: 0-FFh.
	Every byte sets 8 dots , last executed command DC2 = determines whether the MSB is the left or the right side.
	The existing data in the buffer are replaced with the new data.
	Dots outside the printable area are ignored.
The command is supported in firmware version 1.48 or higher.	

15. (DC3 L) Ruled line line set

Code	[13h] + [4Ch] + mL + mH + nL + nH
Description	The command sets to '1' the bits between to specified coordinates in the selected ruled line buffer.
	The coordinates are mL+256*mH and nL+256*nH.
	The part of the line outside the printable area is ignored.
The command is supported in firmware version 1.48 or higher.	

16. (DC3 M) Selects ruled line combine mode

Code	[13]	[13h] + [4Dh] + n	
Description	The command selects the logical operation between the selected ruled line buffer and the print buffer when ruled line is enabled.		
	n is	from 1 to FFh, but only the LSB is used:	
	0	OR operation – bit ' 1 ' in ruled line buffer sets a black dot on paper.	
	1	XOR operation – bit ' 1 ' in ruled line buffer inverts the dot.	
		commands DC3 P , DC3 p and when printing an empty line the cal operation doesn't matter.	
	•	ical operation XOR is useful to invert the whole height of a text (white letters on black background).	
	By c	default OR mode is selected (value 0).	
The command	is sup	oported in firmware version 1.48 or higher.	

17. (DC3 P) Ruled line one dot line print

Code	[13h] + [50h]
Description	The active ruled line buffer is printed as a single line (0.125 mm high).
	If ruled line is off, then the paper is moved one line (0.125 mm) without printing.
	If there are graphic or text data in the line, they are ignored (erased).
	The same effect will have command ESC 3 [01h] without text or graphic data in the line.
	Because of the characteristics of thermal printing it is possible, that the quality of single horizontal lines on the paper is not good.
Warning!	
The command is supported in firmware version 1.48 or higher.	

18. (DC3 p) Ruled line n dot line print

Code	[13h] + [70h] + nL + nH
Description	The selected ruled line buffer is repeated on nL+256*nH lines.
	If ruled line is off, then the paper is moved nL+256*nH dots without printing.
	If there are graphic or text data in the line, they are ignored (erased).
	The same effect will have command ESC 3 n without text or graphic data in the line (the difference is, that the possible line height is up to 255 dots)
\triangle	Because of the characteristics of thermal printing it is possible, that the quality of single horizontal lines on the paper is not good.
Warning!	
The command is supported in firmware version 1.48 or higher.	

19. (DC3 v) Ruled line image write

Code	[13h] + [76h] + nL + nH + D ₁ + …
Description	The command fills the selected ruled line buffer with nL+256*nH data bytes.
	Possible values of data bytes: 0 – FFh . Every byte defines 8 dots , last executed DC2 = determines whether MSB is left or right side.
	Selected ruled line buffer is erased and new data are written.
	Dots outside the printable area are ignored.
The command is supported in firmware version 1.42 or higher.	

20. (CAN) Canceling print data in page mode

Code	[18h]
Description	The command clears the currently selected page area and sets current print position to coordinates $(0, 0)$ in the current page (depending on the currently selected print direction with command GS T).
	The command is not valid in standard mode.
The command is supported in firmware version 1.42 or higher.	

21. (ESC FF) Printing data in page mode

Code	[1Bh] + [0Ch]
Description	The command executes a batch printout of the data, mapped in the currently selected page. The printer continues to work in page mode and data are not destroyed, so the command may be executed many times.
	The command is not valid in standard mode.
The command is supported in firmware version 1.42 or higher.	

22. (ESC RS) Sounds the buzzer

Code	[1Bh] + [1Eh]
Description	By executing this command the buzzer will beep.

23. (ESC SP) Setting character spacing

Code	[1Bh] + [20h] + n
Description	The rightward space amount is set in dot unit (1/203 inch unit). The initial value is n =0. When the font size is doubled the space between characters is also doubled. Possible values: from 0 to 63 dots.
	[0 < = n < 40h]

24. (ESC #) Setting EURO symbol position

Code	[1Bh] + [23h] + ı	n
Description	ASCII code. So we the user can us character with the using the same contain ASCII codes from selected code tab	orces the EURO symbol to appear at the selected when a code table without EURO symbol is selected, se this symbol at the desired place. The original is ASCII code becomes inaccessible until redefinition ommand. In 00H to 1FH disable EURO substitution and the le is printed unchanged. 00H (EURO substitution disabled).
	0 <= n <= FF	The ASCII code of EURO symbol.

25. (ESC \$) Specifying the absolute horizontal position of printing

Code	[1Bh] + [24h] + n1 + n2						
Description	The shifting is n1 + 256*n2 dots. Specifying beyond the line end is ignored.						
	$0 \le n1 \le FF$ Horizontal shifting in dots (least significant byte $0 \le n2 \le 02$ LSB)						
		Horizontal shifting in dots (most significant byte MSB)					

26. (ESC %) Selecting/Canceling the printing of downloaded user character sets

Code	[1]	Bh] + [25h] + n			
Description		naracter set is defined by the command ESC & . The chosen character set is kept even if printer is switched off.			
	n can be from 0 to 255 , but only the Least significant bit (LSB) is important:				
	0	Canceling selection of user characters (default characters set is chosen)			
	1	Loaded user character set is chosen			

27. (ESC &) Selecting user character set

Code	[1B	h] + [26h] ·	+ a + n + m + D1 ₁ + … + D _{(m-n+1)k}	
Description	а	Number o	f the sub-command and can be:	
		0 or '0':	Copies internal character set A over user character set A .All parameters after the number of the command are omitted.	
		1 or '1':	Copies internal character set B over user character set B . All parameters after the number of the command are omitted.	
		2 or '2':	Defines a sequence of characters for Font A (12x24).	
		3 or ' 3 ':	Defines a sequence of characters for Font B (9x16).	
		4 or ' 4 ':	Defines a sequence of characters for Font B (9x16).	
	20h FFr	<= n <=	- m	
	n m	The ASC characters	CII code of the first of the (m-n+1) consecutive s.	
			I the last of the (m-n+1) consecutive characters. y one symbol is defined m=n .	
	D _{ii}	Data for tl	ne characters.	
		Each character from Font A is defined with 48 bytes. Each character from Font B is defined with 16 bytes for subcommand 3 (the 9-th horizontal bit is always white and with 32 bytes for subcommand 4 (2 bytes for each horizontal row, only the most significant bit of the second b used).		
		and from From the (the most	for character set (font) A is composed from left to right top to bottom with two bytes for each horizontal line. second byte only the first nibble significant 4 bits) is valid. Each bit defines one dot, ack, starting from the most significant bit.	

Starting with **version 1.29**, new sub-commands added for downloaded Kanji characters support (For Japanese version only).

Code	[1Bh] +	[1Bh] + [26h] + a + c ₁ + c ₂ + D ₁ + + D _k			
Description	а	Number of the sub-command and can be:			
		5 or ' 5 ': Clears user defined Kanji characters (Bolarge and small). All parameters after the number of the command are omitted.			
		$\begin{array}{llllllllllllllllllllllllllllllllllll$			

Possible	/alues:
	c ₁ =77h, c ₂ =21h-2Fh or c ₁ =ECh, c ₂ =40h-4Eh
	D ₁ - D ₇₂ – are data bytes. Data sent horizontally, 3 bytes per row, MSB first, 24 rows, bit ' 1 ' is black.
7 or '7':	Define one Kanji character (small font). c_1 is the first byte and is c_2 is the second byte. Possible values:
	c_1 =77h, c_2 =21h-2Fh or c_1 =ECh, c_2 =40h-4Eh
	D ₁ - D ₃₂ are data bytes. Data sent horizontally, 2 bytes per row, MSB first, 16 rows, bit ' 1 ' is black.



Downloaded characters are valid even after switching off the printer

Code	[1Bh] + [21	[1Bh] + [21h] + n				
Description	Data are giv	en in binary code.Ea	en in binary code.Each n bit indicates the following:			
	Bit	Function Value 0 Value 1				
	0 Character Font A (12x24) B (9					
	1	1 Undefined				
	2	Undefined Highlighting Canceled Specified				
	3					
	4	Double Height	Canceled	Specified		
	5	Double Width Canceled Specified Undefined				
	6					
	7	Underline	Canceled	Specified		

28. (ESC !) Specifying printing mode of text data

An underline is attached to the full character width, which, however, is not attached to the part having been skipped by the horizontal tab.
Neither is it attached to 90°-right-turned characters.
The underline width is as having been specified by ESC
The default setting: 1 dot width.
Highlighting is valid for character font A (12x2 4) and font B (9x16) . It is not recommended to be used for font B because text is not readable. If at same time are given double height and/or double width and to 90°-right-turning of character, then the sequense of execution is as follows:
 Characters is doubled in the direction indicated;
 Character is turned at 90°-right-angle.

29. (ESC *) Printing graphical data

Code	[1Bh] + [2Ah] + m + ı	[1Bh] + [2Ah] + m + n1 + n2 + D ₁ + … + D _k				
Description	m (0,1, 20h or 21h)	Graphics mode (see table below).				
	0 <= n1 <= FF	specifies the numbe (LSB).	r of dots in horizontal line			
	0 <= n2 <= 09	specifies the numbe (MSB).	r of dots in horizontal line			
	D _i (i from 1 to k)	Bit image data.				
	The number of dots in Number of data bytes		s n1+n2*256.			
		n1 + 256*n2 for modes 0 and 1				
	(n1+256*n2)*3 for modes 20h and 21h					
	The bits subject to printing are taken as "1" and those not as "0".					
	Bit image data are sent starting from the top to bottom and from the left to right (vertical columns scanning). In modes m=0 and 1 o one byte per column is sent and in mode m=20h , 21h – 3 bytes					
	each column are sent		· •			
		Vortical Direction	Harizontal Direction			

		Verti	cal Direction	Horizontal Direction		
m	Mode	Dots	Dot density	Dot density	Max. dots	
0	8 dots single density	8	67 DPI	101 DPI	192	
1	8 dots double density	8	67 DPI	203 DPI	384	

	20h	24 dots single density	24	203 DPI	101 DPI	192	
	21h	24 dots double density	24	203 DPI	203 DPI	384	
Â	When the values set in m or n2 are out of the above range, the data are processed as normal printing data. If some part of the graphic or the entire graphic is outside the printable area, then graphics data are accepted, but only the needed part of them are printed.						
	In page mode and rotated by 90 degrees page the max. dot count is larger than the numbers in the table above.						

This command has one more version with 3 new modes:

Code	[1Bh] + [2Ah] + m + n + { a + [00h] } +D ₁ + … +D _k	
Description	Designates a bit image of n*8 dots horizontal and by 24 or a dots vertical. Depending on m there is compression of data. All 3 modes are with high dot density (203x203 dpi).	
	m can be:	
	10h	Not compressed data with height 24 lines. Byte a and byte 00h are not sent.
	11h	Compressed data with height 24 lines. Byte a and byte 00h are not sent.
	12h	Compressed data with height a lines.
	0 <= n <= FFh	Defines horizontal size.
	Di	The bit image data
	mode 11h must gi	bytes for mode 10h . The compressed data in ve same number of bytes, but after the number of data bytes for mode 12h must be a*n .

	Decompression in modes 11h and 12h is similar to the one used in PCX monochrome graphic mode. If the 2 most significant bits of the consecutive byte are 1, so the next define a counter of iterations from 0 to 63 , and the next byte contains the data that have to be repeated. If at least one of the most significant bytes is 0 , the byte contains data which are directly used. If the data for the printer contain a byte with two most significant bits 1 , it has to be sent as 2 bytes with counter 1 .
	Data for both modes are sent horizontally, from right to left and from top to bottom. Each byte contains 8 points, the "1"-s are black starting from the most significant bit.

A new mode for printing vertical lines added in version 1.39.

Code	[1Bh] + [2Ah] + [18h] + L + n + R	
	L	Offset (white dots) before the vertical line. From 0 to 255 .
	n	Vertical line thickness in dots. From 0 to 255 .
	R	Offset (white dots) after the vertical line. From 0 to 255 .
Description	The command prints a vertical black line with thickness n and height – the whole height of the line (including the space between the lines set with commands ESC 2 , ESC 3 or ESC J). The printer adds L dots to the current X coordinate, draws the line and adds R dots to the X coordinate after the line. The purpose of the command is to draw tables independent of the type or of the font of the printed symbols between the vertical lines.	

Starting from version 1.40 two new modes for printing graphics are added.

Code		[1Bh] + [2Ah] + [13h] + n1 + n2 + a +D ₁ + +D _k or [1Bh] + [2Ah] + [14h] + n1 + n2 + a +D ₁ + +D _k	
Description	n1	Lower part of bytes count in horizontal direction. From 0 to 255 .	
	n2	Higher part of bytes count in horizontal direction. From 0 to 1 .	
	a	Vertical size of the image in dots. From 1 to 24 .	

г

_

For command ESC * [13h] data for a bit image with size (n1+256*n2)*8 dots horizontally and a dots vertically are sent, with data compression (exactly as in command ECS * [12h]). The graphics mode is single density (203x203 dots/inch).
Data bytes count is a*(n1+256*n2) after decompression.
For command ESC * [14h] data are without compression like ESC * [10h] command.
The commands are added to make printing of graphics in page mode easier – in page mode with page height more than 2040 dots and print direction 90 or 270 degrees it is not possible to fill the whole page height using only one of the older commands for compressed graphics (ESC * [11h] and ESC * [12h]).

30. (ESC +) Switch OFF the printer

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Code	[1Bh] + [2Bh]
Description	This command switches OFF the printer as by setting the power switch to OFF .

31. (ESC -) Selecting/Cancelling Underline

Code	[1Bh] + [2Dh] + n	
Description	An underline is attached to the full character width. It is, however, not attached to the part having been skipped by horizontal tab command.	
	An underline is n	ot attached to a 90°- right-turned characters.
	The following values of n are possible:	
	0 or 30h	Canceling an underline.
	1 or 31h	Specifying an underline for 1-dot width.
	2 or 32h	Specifying an underline for 2-dots width.
	This command only selects the underline thickness. For specifying/canceling the Underline mode command ESC ! ([1Bh] + [21h]) must be used.	

32. (ESC .) Printing Self Test/diagnostic information

Code	[1Bh] + [2Eh]
Description	Prints test page and self-diagnostic information. The self- diagnostic information includes print density, print head temperature, battery voltage, baud rate in case of work via RS232 and others.

33. (ESC 2) Specifying 1/6-inch line feed rate

Code	[1B] + [32h]
Description	If in the line there are symbols that will not fit in the defined size, the line automatically is set to be of the necessary height so they fit.

34. (ESC 3) Specifying line feed rate n/203 inches

Code	[1Bh] + [33h] + n
Description	n is from 0 to 255.
	Default value is n= 22h (1/6 inches).

35. (ESC <) Changes print direction to opposite

Code	[1Bh] + [3Ch]
Description	The command changes current print direction. It is needed when using Hebrew and Arabic code tables, but is working for all code tables.
	Default print direction is from right to left for code tables 19, 21, 22, 23, 24 and from left to right for all others.
The command is supported in firmware version 1.42 or higher.	

36. (ESC =) Data input control

Code	[1Bh] + [3Dh] + n	
Description	n can be from 0 to 255 , but only the LSB is of significance.	
	Value 0: Printer is not selected.	
	Value 1: Printer is selected.	
	When the printer is not selected, it does not accept data (abandons all the received data) and the only command that it executes is ESC = n with least significant bit 1 .	
	By default the printer is selected.	

Code	[1Bh] + [3Eh] + n	
Description	Possible values for n :	
	0 or '0' 1 or '1' 2 or '2'	Default direction for the selected code table. Left to right direction forced. Right to left direction forced.
	The command sets the print direction. It is needed when using Hebrew and Arabic code tables, but is working for all code tables.	
	Default print direction is from right to left for code tables 19, 21, 22, 23, 24 and from left to right for all others.	
	Commands ESC selects the direct	< and ESC > work together. The sequence, which ion, is as follows:
	 The print direction is set according to the currently selected code table. 	
	 If command ESC > with argument > 0 was executed since last ESC u command, then this is the print direction. 	
		nd ESC < was executed after this, the print direction d to the opposite.
The command	is supported in firm	ware version 1.42 or higher.

37. (ESC >) Select print direction

38. (ESC ?) Reading magnetic stripe card

Code	[1Bh	[1Bh] + [3Fh] + n	
Description	depe	The tracks that are read are returned in ascending order and depending on that which of them have been demanded. The returned data end with ASCII code 00h.	
	The	The bits of the argument n have the following meaning:	
	0	Read track 1	
	1	Read track 2	
	2	Read track 3	
	3	Not used	
	4	Not used	

5	Not used	
-		
6	If it is 1 , magnetic stripe card data are returned in raw format (as a bit sequence).	
7	If it is 1 , the reading is with time-out 60 sec , else it is 10 sec .	
Response data format when bit 6 = 1		
Always all 3 tracks data are returned (independent of the value of the least significant bits of n). Data format:		
Data	format:	
n ₁ m ₁	D _{1i} n ₂ m ₂ D _{2i} n ₃ m ₃ D _{3i} [00h]	
where	e:	
n ₁	Two characters – track 1 bytes count.	
m ₁	Two characters – valid bit count in last data byte of track 1.	
D_{1i} 2*n1 characters, containing track 1 data. Data are regarded a bit sequence. If total bit count is not a multiple of 8 , then valiare m_1 most significant bits of last byte only.		
n_1 , m_1 and D_{1i} are returned as text, hexadecimal, i. e. every byte of data is returned as two characters in the range '0' – '9' or 'A' – 'F'.		
The format of track 2 and 3 is the same. The response ends with ASCII code 00h . If no magnetic stripe card is read (a timeout has occurred), only 00h is returned.		
Data are returned as they are read from the magnetic stripe card. They will not be the same when sliding the card in left and right direction. The application software must "know" and interpret correctly the bits read before using them!		

39. (ESC @) Initializing the printer

Code	[1Bh] + [40h]	
Description	Clears data stored in the print buffer and brings various settings to the initial state (Default state).	
	Data (items) in serial buffer are not cleared.	

Code	[1Bh] + [43h] + [41h] + [4Ch] + n		
Description	black	Selects the ADC value, which the printer uses to distinguish the black marks on paper or labels. The command is used in black mark mode only.	
	Poss	Possible values for n :	
	01h	Returns one byte, which is the current ADC threshold value.	
	02h	 2h After receiving this command the printer moves approximately 20 cm of paper and searches minimum and maximum of paper sensor values. Two bytes data are returned – minimum value and maximum value. 	
	03h	After receiving this command the printer moves approximately 20 cm of paper and searches minimum and maximum of paper sensor values. Then a reasonable value of the ADC threshold is calculated and stored in flash memory. One byte data is returned, which is the new ADC threshold value.	
	20h to	The byte is used as ADC threshold value and is stored in flash memory. One byte data is returned, which is the new ADC threshold value.	
	C0h	The factory setting of ADC threshold value is 68h .	
	Use this command carefully and only if the printer has problems in black mark / label recognition.		

40. (ESC CAL) Black mark mode sensor calibration

41. (ESC D) Setting horizontal tab position

Code	[1Bh] + [44h] + n ₁ + + n _k + [00h]
Description	 n_i indicates the number of the column from the beginning to the horizontal tab position, minus 1. For example, to set the position at 9th column, n=8 is to be specified. n_i is from 0 to 255

The tab position is set at position where it is "character width multiplied by $\mathbf{n_i}$ " from the line beginning. The character width, at this time, includes the rightward space amount. In double wide characters, it is made double of the ordinary case.
Tab positions can be specified are maximum 32 .
ESC D [00h] clears all the set tab positions.
Following clearing, horizontal tab command is ignored.

42. (ESC E) Specifying / Canceling Highlighting

Code	[1Bh] + [45h] + n		
Description	n can be from 0 to 25 5, but only the least significant bit is of significance.		
	Value 0: Canceling highlighting.		
	Value: Highlighting is specified.		
	This is effective for character font A (12x24) and font B (9x16). It is not recommended to be used for font B because text is not readable .		

43. (ESC F) Filling or inverting the page area in page mode

Code	[1Bh] + [46h] + n	
Description	Allowed values for n :	
	0 or ' 0 '	The area is cleared (white)
	1 or '1'	The area is filled (black)
	2 or ' 2 '	The area is inverted.
	The command fills the selected with ESC W page with the desired color or inverts it. The command is not valid in standard mode.	
The command is supported in firmware version 1.42 or higher.		

44. (ESC G) Specifying / Canceling highlighting

Code	[1Bh] + [47h] + n	
Description	The same as command ESC E.	

45. (ESC I) Specifying / Canceling Italic Print

Code	[1Bh] + [49h] + n
Description	n can be from 0 to 25 5, but only the least significant bit is of significance.
	Value 0: Normal Print
	Value 1: Italic Print

46. (ESC J) Printing and Paper Feed n/203 inches

Code	[1Bh] + [4Ah] + n
Description	Prints data in the print buffer and feeds paper by n/203 inch. n can be from 0 to 255 . This function is temporary and does not affect the feed operation thereafter. When n=0 the paper is fed by 1/203 inch.

47. (ESC L) Selecting page mode

Code	[1Bh] + [4Ch]		
Description	The command switches from standard mode to page mode. In this mode the printing is not immediately, but is accumulated in a reserved for this purpose memory area. The resulting image is printed using one of the commands ESC FF , GS FF or GS Z .		
	The page area is the maximum (384 x 2432 dots) or the result of the last executed command ESC W .		
	The print direction is the default (left to right) or the result of the last executed command GS T .		
	The current print position is (0, 0) depending on the selected print direction.		
	The command is not valid in page mode.		
The command is supported in firmware version 1.42 or higher.			

48. (ESC N) Reading programmed serial number

Code	[1Bh] + [4Eh]		
Description	The command returns the programmed serial number of the printer as an ASCIIZ string. Number length is 13 characters. If no serial number is programmed, then only one symbol is returned – 00h .		
The command is supported in firmware version 1.09 or higher.			

49. (ESC R) Selecting Country

Coc	le	[1Bh] + [52h] + n											
Des	scription	n can be from 0 to 13 and has the following meaning:											
No	Character					Cha	nged C	harac	ters				
	Set	23h	24h	40h	5Bh	5Ch	5Dh	5Eh	60h	7Bh	7Ch	7Dh	7Eh
0	U.S.A.	#	\$	@	[/]	۸	`	{		}	~
1	France	#	\$	à	0	¢	ŝ	۸	`	é	ù	è	
2	Germany	#	\$	§	Ä	Ö	Ü	۸	`	ä	Ö	ü	ß
3	U.K.	£	\$	@	[١]	۸	``	{		}	~
4	Denmark I	#	\$	@ É	Æ	Ø	Å	۸	``	æ	Ø	å	~
5	Sweden	#	\$	É	Ä	Ö	Å	Ü	é	ä	Ö	å	ü
6	Italy	#	\$	@	0	١	é	۸	ù	à	Ò	è	Ì
7	Spain I	Pt	\$	@	i	Ñ	j	۸	``		ñ	}	~
8	Japan	#	\$	@ É	[¥]	۸	`	{		}	~
9	Norway	#	¤	É	Æ	Ø	Å	Ü	é	æ	Ø	å	ü
10	Denmark II	#	\$	É	Æ	Ø	Å	Ü	é	æ	Ø	å	ü
11	Spain II	#	\$	á	i	Ñ	j	é	`	Í	ñ	Ó	ú
12	Latin America	#	\$	á	i	Ñ	Ś	é	ü	í	ñ	Ó	ú
13	Korea	#	\$	@	[₩]	۸	``	{		}	~

50. (ESC S) Specifying speed (bps) of the serial port

Code	[1Bh] + [53h] + n			
Description	Sets new communication speed for the serial interface.			
	Possible values of parameter n :			
	0 or '0' 1200 bps			
	1 or '1'	2400 bps		
	2 or '2'	4800 bps		

3 or '3'	9600 bps
4 or '4'	19200 bps
5 or '5'	57600 bps
6 or '6'	115200 bps
7 or '7 '	38400 bps
	s valid only when the printer is connected through The last setting is valid after switching OFF and
Default value is	6 (115200 bps).

51. (ESC T) Printing short self test

Code	[1Bh] + [54h]
Description	Prints current printer parameters, including intensity, temperature of the print head, battery voltage, speed in case of serial connection, etc.

52. (ESC U) Selecting / Canceling underlined printing

Code	[1Bh] + [55h] + n				
Description	Possible values	Possible values for n :			
	0 or '0'	0 or '0' Canceling underlined characters.			
	1 or '1' Specifying underlined characters.				
	No underlines are attached to 90°-right- turned characters.				

53. (ESC V) Selecting / Canceling printing 90°- right turned characters

Code	[1Bh] + [56h] + n
Description	n can be from 0 to 255 , but only the least significant bit is of significance:
	Value 0: Canceling 90°-right- turned Characters.
	Value 1: Specifying 90°-right- turned Characters.

54. (ESC W) Defining the print area in page mode

Code	[1Bh] + [57h] + x	L + xH + yL + yH + dxL + dxH + dyL + dyH		
	xL and xH	Low and high byte of the horizontal offset of the relative top left corner of the page.		
	yL and yH	Low and high byte of the vertical offset of the relative top left corner of the page.		
	dxL and dxH Low and high byte of the width of the page.			
	dyL and dyH Low and high byte of the height of the page.			
Description	The command defines the relative position and size of the page. In page mode the new values are active immediately, in standard mode they are memorized and used after entering page mode. The print position has coordinates (0, 0) depending on the currently selected print direction (command GS T). If the relative position is invalid, the command is not accepted. If only a part of the selected page is in the printable area (current paper width and maximal height of 2432 dots), this area is used as page area.			
	The default page size is 384 x 2432 dots.			
The command is supported in firmware version 1.42 or higher.				

55. (ESC X) Specifying max printing speed

Code	[1Bh] + [58h] + n			
Description	n is between 0 and 3 or between '0' and '3':			
	0 or '0'	60 mm/s (2.4 inch/s)		
	1 or '1'	50 mm/s (2.0 inch/s)		
	2 or '2' 37 mm/s (1.5 inch/s)			
	3 or '3'	25 mm /s (1.0 inch/s)		
	Default value is 0 (60 mm/s).			
	The defined speed is recommended and can be achieved with not very cold printing head and comparatively little data to print in the line (less black).			

Code	[1Bh] + [59h] + n			
Description	n is between 0	n is between 0 and 6 or between '0' and '6':		
	0 or '0'	Intensity 60 %		
	1 or '1'	Intensity 75 %		
	2 or '2'	Intensity 90 %		
	3 or '3'	Intensity 100 %		
	4 or '4'	Intensity 120 %		
	5 or '5'	Intensity 140 %		
	6 or '6'	Intensity 160 %		
	Default value is 3 (100%).Higher intensity can cause decrease in printing speed.			

56. (ESC Y) Selecting intensity level

57. (ESC Z) Returning diagnostic information

Code	[1Bh] + [5Ah]						
Description	The pri structur	nter will return 32 bytes of information with the following e:					
	1-22 Printer name up to 22 charachters.						
	23-25	Firmware version – 3 digits.					
	26-27	Language version, described by two characters.					
	28-32	5 bytes with flags. When the corresponding bit is 1 , the function is supported and when 0 , the function is not supported.					
	Bits are	Bits are listed below:					
	Bit	Meaning					
	28.0	Supports IrDA mode.					
	28.1	Mag-stripe reader support.					
	28.2	Supports reading of all 3 tracks on magnetic card.					
	28.3	Katakana support, ASCII codes above 127 contain Katakana characters.					
	28.4	JIS and Shift-JIS support.					

28.5	Prints in commands ESC . and ESC T and in command ESC ` returns temperature in ° Fahrenheit.	
28.6	Bluetooth support.	
28.7	Reserved – always is 1.	
29.0	Update via firmware interface.	
29.1	Korean characters support.	
29.2	BLACK MARK mode support.	
29.3	Barcode reader support.	
29.4	USB support.	
29.5	Not in use.	
29.6	Page mode support	
29.7	Reserved – always is 1.	
30.0	GB2312 (Simplified Chinese) support	
30.1	BIG5 (Traditional Chinese) support	
30.2	Not in use	
30.3	Not in use	
30.4	Not in use	
30.5	Not in use	
30.6	Not in use	
30.7	Reserved – always is 1	
31.0	State of flag 3 – determined in command GS)	
31.1	State of flag 2 – determined in command GS)	
31.2	State of flag 1 – determined in command GS)	
31.3	State of DIP switch 4	
31.4	State of DIP switch 3	
31.5	State of DIP switch 2	
31.6	State of DIP switch 1	
31.7	Reserved – always is 1	
32.0	State of flag 10 – determined in command GS)	
32.1	State of flag 9 – determined in command GS)	
32.2	State of flag 8 – determined in command GS)	
32.0	State of flag 10 – determined in command GS)	
32.1	State of flag 9 – determined in command GS)	
32.2	State of flag 8 – determined in command GS)	

32.3	State of flag 7 – determined in command GS)
32.4	State of flag 6 – determined in command GS)
32.5	State of flag 5 – determined in command GS)
32.6	State of flag 4 – determined in command GS)
32.7	Reserved – always is 1

58. (ESC \) Specifying relative horizontal position

Code	[1Bh] + [5Ch] + n1 + n2		
Description	0 <= n1 <= FFh	Specifying number of dots from current position in horizontal (LSB).	
	0 <= n2 <= FFh	Specifying number of dots from current position in horizontal (MSB).	
	The printing start position is specified with $n1 + 256*n2$ dots. Specifying exceeding the top of line or the end of line is ignored. Specifying dots in minus (left) direction from the current one, is the complement of N with 65536 (N .= 65536 - N).		

59. (ESC]) Loading the default settings stored in Flash memory

Code	[1Bh] + [5Dh]	
Description	The following parameters are read from flash memory and become active:	
	Speed of communication in serial port.	
	Time for automatic turn off.	
	Configuration "switches".	
	Max printing speed.	
	Print density.	
	Height of printing line.	
	Country.	
	Code table.	
	Height of barcode.	
	Width of barcode single line.	
	Font of the text (HRI characters) corresponding to the barcode.	
	Position of the HRI characters.	

Code	[1Bh] + [5Eh]
Description	The values of the following settings are stored in flash memory:
	The values of the following settings are stored in flash memory:.
	Time for automatic turn off.
	Configuration "switches".
Max printing speed.	
	Print density.
	Height of printing line.
	Country.
	Code table.
	Height of barcode.
	Width of barcode single line.
	Font of the text (HRI characters) corresponding to the barcode.
	Position of the HRI characters.
	These setting become default settings.

60. (ESC ^) Saving current settings in Flash memory

61. (ESC _) Loading factory settings

Code	[1Bh] + [5Fh]
Description	This command sets the printer in default state with the following settings:
	All printing attributes like underline, rotating etc. are cleared.
	Internal font A (12 x 24) is selected.
	Pitch between lines is 1/6 inch.
Barcode height is 80 dots, and barcode width is 3. All downloaded fonts and bit images are cleared.	
	Print density is 100%.
	Communication speed is set to 115200 bps.
	Printing speed is set to 60 mm/s.
Print density is 100%.	
	Communication speed is set to 115200 bps.
	Code table becomes 437 (US), and country 0 (US). For Japanese version default values are: Code table Katakana and country Japan.

62. (ESC `) Returning the battery voltage and printer head temperature

Code	[1Bh] + [60h]
Description	Returns 2 bytes of information – the first one is battery voltage returned in the format: battery voltage x 10 + 20H and second is head temperature returned in the format: head temperature + 20H .

63. (ESC a) Aligning the characters

Code	[1Bh] + [61h] + n	
Description	n is between 0 and 2 or between '0' and '2':	
	0 or '0'	Left end alignment.
	1 or '1'	Centering
	2 or '2'	Right end alignment
	Default value is 0.	
	After printing left-justified.	of the line the alignment becomes automatically

64. (ESC b) Increasing text line height

Code	[1Bh] + [62h] + n
Description	The command adds n dots to current text line height. n is from 0 to 255.
	After receiving the every symbol for printing, the printer checks its size (depending on double height attributes, rotation e.c.t.) and sets current line height so, that the whole letter is printed. The command adds additional dots to so calculated line height.
	The maximum line height is 48 dots above base line (the line, at which the bottom of most latin letters is, for example the letter 'A'). If adding \mathbf{n} to the current height is larger than maximum height (48), then 48 is set as height.
	If no text or graphic data in line, the command is not executed.
	The difference between line height in commands LF, ESC 2, ESC 3 and ESC J is that the height is increased above the letters. The command is useful when inverting a text line in XOR ruled lines mode.
The command is supported in firmware version 1.48 or higher.	

Code	[1Bh] + [63h] + [35h] + n
Description	 n can be from 0 too 255, but only the least significant bit is of significance. Value 0: Button LF is valid. Value 1: Button LF is invalid. Default value is 0.

65. (ESC c5) Enabling/Disabling the functioning of the button LF

66. (ESC d) Printing and feeding paper by n-lines

Code	[1Bh] + [64h] + n
Description	 n can be from 0 to 255. Prints data inside the buffer and feeds paper by n lines. The beginning of the line is to be considered as the next printing start position. When n=0 paper is fed with 1 line.

67. (ESC f) Select symbol '0' printing style

Code	[1Bh] + [66h] +	⊦n
Description	Possible values for n :	
	0 or '0'	Slash zero is printed
	1 or '1'	Non-slash zero is printed
	Selected value is stored to flash-memory.	
	Default value is 0 for all versions except Japanese.	
The command is supported in firmware version 1.51 or higher.		

68. (ESC i) Feeding paper backwards

Code	[1Bh] + [69h]
Description	If paper has been fed forward with command ESC o , then it returns backwards.
	The feed is exactly the same as it was defined in command ESC o , but in reverse direction.
	If paper has not been fed forward then this command is ignored.

69. (ESC o) Temporarily feeding paper forward

Code	[1Bh] + [6Fh] + n
Description	n can be from 0 to 255 .
	This command temporarily feeds paper forward with the defined number of steps n (1/8 mm).
	At command ESC i or at first command for printing the paper feeds backwards.

70. (ESC pair=) Disabling/enabling PAIRING info saving in Bluetooth mode

Code	[1Bh] + [70h] + [61h] + [69h] + [72h] + [3Dh] + n
Description	Possible values of n :
	'0': Disables PAIRING info saving.
	'1': Enables PAIRING info saving.
	After PAIRING info saving no password is required when making new Bluetooth connection, but only paired devices can communicate.
	If an old connection (pairing) was saved, it will be destroyed and first new connection will be saved in it's place.
	After executing this command with argument ' 0 ' the current saved information will be destroyed, but no new connection will be saved. Every time a password will be required. The printer will work with all Bluetooth devices.
	After the command the printer must be switched off (using ON/OFF button or ESC x command). The Bluetooth connection will be reinitialized the next time the printer is switched on in Bluetooth mode.

71. (ESC pwd=) Programming a new Bluetooth password (PIN)

Code	[1Bh] + [70h] + [77h] + [64h] + [3Dh] + d + [00h]
Description	This command changes the Bluetooth module PIN.
	d contains the new PIN. PIN length is from 0 to 16 characters, allowed are digits and capital latine letters.
	The string ends with 00h (ASCIIZ).
	If the length is 0 , Bluetooth module uses no password (PIN).

	New password is active after switching the printer on next time in Bluetooth mode (without serial or USB cable). The change is unconditionally and does not require the knowledge of the old PIN.				
Marning:	The command destroys saved PAIRING info (like after command ESC pair=0).				

The command is supported in firmware **version 1.20** or higher.

72. (ESC r) Full command for sounding buzzer

Code	[1Bh] + [72h] + Data			
Description	This command is used for making (beeping) a sequence of sounds with a certain frequency and duration. The data are in format, similar to the one used for writing notes and can be of any length. The first invalid character cancels the command.			
	Data format:			
	Notes:	a Lat	tin letter of value from ' A ' to' G '.	
		'C'	Do	
		' D ' Re		
		'E' Mi		
		'F'	Fa	
		'G'	Sol	
		'A'	La	
		'B'	Si	
		If immediately after the note comes character '#' , then the note is higher in pitch by a semitone (sharp) .		
	If immediately after the note comes character '&' , then the note is lower in pitch by a semitone (flat).			
	Pause: Character space (ASCII 20h).			
	After a note or pause there can be one or a few bytes, which specify the duration. Valid are characters from '0' to '5' , they have the following meaning:			

			_	
		' 0'	Basic duration of a	a note/pause.
		'1'	Basic duration * 2	
		'2'	Basic duration * 4	
		'3'	Basic duration * 8	
		'4'	Basic duration * 1	6.
		'5'	Basic duration * 3	2.
	If there are a	few du	irations one after a	nother they are summed up.
	Going to hig	her so	ale:	character '+'
	Going to low	ver sca	ale:	character '-'
	Specifying te	empo:		character '^'
		specifie		a number. duration of notes and intervals
		'1'	200 %	
		'2'	175 %	
		'3'	140 %	
		'4'	120 %	
		' 5'	100 %	
		'6'	80 %	
		'7'	60 %	
		' 8'	50 %	
		'9'	40 %	
	Return to sc (it is default).			Character '@'
	Tone 'La' in it is 440 Hz .			
\triangle	It is recommended that the data ends with ASCII code 03h , although any other non-printing character will also stop the command.			

Code	[1Bh] + [73h] + n		
Description	This command Possible value	l returns current settings or loaded data in printer. s for n :	
	0 or ' 0 '	Current settings from flash memory are returned in following order:	
		• Hardware switches - 4 digits 0 or 1 .	
		• Memory switches -10 digits 0 or 1 .	
		• Serial port speed (bauds) – an integer.	
		 Country number (from command ESC R) – an integer. 	
		• Current character table (from command ESC u) – an integer.	
		 Print density (from command ESC Y) – an integer. 	
		 Print speed (from command Power off time (from command ESC x) – an integer (in minutes). 	
		EURO symbol position (from command ESC #)	
		an integer from 0 to 255. Field separator is ','.	
	1 or '1'	Current settings from printer RAM are returned. The format of data is the same as for subcommand 0 .	
	2 or ' 2 '	The currently loade graphic logo is returned in format: w h D _i , where:	
		w Graphics width in bytes (pixels*8).	
		h Graphics height in pixels.	
		 D_i Graphics data – 2*w*h bytes in the sequence as in command GS *. Data are in hexadecimal format (each byte sent as two hexadecimal symbols). 	
		Data are in hexadecimal format (each byte sent as two hexadecimal symbols).	
The command	is supported in f	irmware version 1.42 or higher.	
	5 or ' 5 '	Current Bluetooth settings from ESC y command are returned. Format ia as in command ESC y BTH: , all fields present in increasing order.	

73. (ESC s) Reading current printer settings

74. (ESC u) Selecting Code table

Code	[1Bh] + [75h]	+ n	
Description	Values for n :		
		0	ENGLISH (437)
	-	1	LATIN 1 (850)
	-	2	PORTUGUESE (860)
	-	3	LITHUANIAN
	-	4	LATIN 2 (852)
	-	5	POLISH
	-	6	TURKISH (857)
	-	7	BALTIC (775)
		8	BULGARIAN (856)
	-	9	RUSSIAN (866)
	-	10	LATVIAN
	-	11	GREEK (737)
	-	12	HEBREW (862)
	-	13	WESTERN (1252)
		14	CE (1250)
		15	TURKISH (1254)
	-	16	BALTIC (1257)
	-	17	CYRILLIC (1251)
	-	18	GREEK (1253)
	-	19	HEBREW (1255)
		20	KATAKANA
		21	ARABIC
		22	ARABIC (1256)
		23	ARABIC (1256 with Arabic digits and punctuation)
		24	ARABIC (1256 with Farsi Arabic digits and punctuation)
\bigwedge			switched ON it is loaded the default code table lash-memory.

Addition information about Arabic code tables:

Arabic code tables are included in firmware version 1.42.

When selected, the default print direction is from right to left (the same for **code table 19** – **Hebrew**). The print direction can be changed using commands **ESC** > and **ESC** <.

Arabic symbols are larger than the symbols in from the other code tables (**16 dot**s for font **A** and **12 dots** for font **B**). Depending on the position of the letter in a word, Arabic letters may have **up to 4 different forms** – single letter, right form, middle form and left form.

Code table **21** includes all forms of every letter, so the application program has to select the correct ASCII code. When using code tables **22**, **23** and **24**, the printer automatically selects the correct letter form dependant on its neighbours. If it is needed to print directly a form of the letter when one of the pages **22**, **23** or **24** is selected, the **ASCII code 7Fh** is sent to the printer – the first symbol after it is taken directly from code table **21**.

Code table 23 differs from **22** by that the digits and some of the punctuation marks are changed with Arabic. Table **24** differs from **23** by that the Arabic digits are Farsi variant (3 of them are different).

For Japanese and Chinese versions of the printer only:

When one of the Arabic code tables is selected, then two-byte Asian letters are not accessible – a non-Arabic code page must be selected to print them.

Code	[1Bh] + [76h]					
Description	The printer returns one byte whose bits have the following meaning:					
	Bit	Value 0	Value 2			
	0	Not ir	Not in use			
	1	Not ir	n use			
	2	There is paper and paper cover is closed	There is no paper or paper cover is opened			
	3	Printing head is with normal temperature	The printing head is overheated			
	4	Not in use				
	5	Not in use				
	6	Battery Voltage is normal	Battery Voltage is normal			
	7	Not i	n use			

75. (ESC v) Transmitting the printer status

76. (ESC x) Setting the time interval for automatically switching Off the printer

Code	[1Bh] + [78h] + n
Description	Sets the time interval after which the printer will be switched Off automatically if there is no incoming data and LF button is not pressed.
	n is one byte with value between 1 and 60 , it sets time in minutes. This time is remembered after printer is switched off.
	If value 0 is programmed, then the printer will not be switched off automatically .
	Default value is 10 minutes.

77. (ESC y BTH:) Bluetooth module settings adjustment

Code	[1Bh] + [79h] + [42h] + [54h] + [48h] + [3Ah] + Data					
Description	Blue	Bluetooth module settings adjustment				
	Dat	Data format:				
	T ₁ +	T ₁ + D ₁ + T ₂ + D ₂ + + [00h]				
	Ti	Ti One byte, selecting the data type, which follows.				
		Possible values:				
		01h	SavePairingInfo: one byte with possible value '0', '1' or '2'.			
		02h	Password : Up to 16 symbols – digits and capital latine letters (ASCII codes 30h-39h, 41h-5Ah).			
		03h	Name: Up to 31 symbols (ASCII codes 20h-7Eh).			
Not all fields a	Not all fields are obligatory. Missing fields don't change values.					
			g new firmware will destroy the last Bluetooth module place they are stored is part of the firmware).			

Code	[1Bh] + [7Bh] + n	
Description	n can be from 0 to 255 , but only the least significant bit is of significance.	
	Value 0: Cancel printing of 180° turned characters.	
	Value 1: Enable printing of 180° turned characters.	
	Default value is 0.	
	The whole line is turned.	

78. (ESC {) Enabling/Canceling printing of 180° turned characters

79. (GS FF) Printing in page mode and returning to standard mode

Code	[1Dh] + [0Ch]
Description	The command prints the image in the currently defined page and leaves page mode. All the page memory is erased.
The command is supported in firmware version 1.42 or higher.	

80. (GS \$) Specifying the absolute vertical position in page mode

[1Dh] + [24h] + nL + nH	
nL Lower byte of the new vertical position	
nH	Higher byte of the new vertical position
The command sets new vertical print position. If the position outside the currently active page, the command is not accepted. real new coordinates depend on the print direction (selected undes GS). The command is invalid in standard mode. The horizontal position is changed with commands ESC \$ and E – they work both in page and standard mode.	

The command is supported in firmware **version 1.42** or higher.

81. (GS)) Setting printer flags (memory switches)

Code	[1Dh] + [29h] + f1 + f2 + + f10		
Description This model has 10 memory switches and sel changing a function is available with this command can be set 10 flags (memory switch ON or OFF. Memory switch setting is retain power off. These flags are like virtual switche the printer.			this command. With this switches), they are switched retained even after printer
	-	ne flag that we want to switch ON or	OFF.
		gs must be set. ible values are:	
	'0' '1'	Flag is OFF. Flag is ON.	
	، ب	Flag stays unchanged.	
	Mean	ing of different flags:	
	Flag		0
	1	Power on/off sound disabled	Power on/off sound enabled
	2	CR (ASCII code 13) is not executed	CR is executed as LF (ASCII code 10)
	3	LF (ASCII code 10) is executed	LF (ASCII code 10) is not executed
	4	LF immediately after CR as selected by flag 3	LF immediately after CR is not executed
	5	Default is font A (12x24)	Default is font B (9x16)
	6	"Cover open" sensor monitored	"Cover open" sensor disabled
	7	Disable IrDA module	Enable IrDA module (if present)
	8	Bluetooth in DISCOVERABLE mode	Bluetooth in NONDISCOVERABLE mode
	9	USB interface disabled	USB interface enabled
	10	USB in mode HOST	USB in mode DEVICE

82. (GS *) Defining a Downloaded Bit Image (logo)

Code	[1Dł	[1Dh] + [2Ah] + n1 + n2 + D ₁ + … + D _n	
Description	Description The command defines a bit image that contains number defined by n1 and n2 . Image is stored and after the print switched off.		
	The	so defined bit image is printed with command GS /.	
	n1	Between 0 and 127 . It defines the horizontal size of the downloaded image.	
	n2	Between 0 and 248 . It defines the vertical size of the downloaded image.	
	Di	The data for the bit image. This data consist of n1*n2 bytes, from left to right and from top to bottom, but n1 bytes in each horizontal line (n1*8 dots) and n2 lines. Each bit defines a dot, 1 corresponds to black. Total number of bytes cannot be bigger than 16 kB.	
	defir swite Sele By d	command defines a bit image that contains number of dots, ned by n1 and n2 . Image is stored and after the printers is ched off. cecting value 0 for n1 and/or n2 deactivates (deletes) the logo. efault there is no logo image in the printer. so defined bit image is printed with command GS /	

83. (GS /) Printing a Downloaded Bit Image (logo)

Code	[1Dh] + [2Fh] + m			
Description	m d	efines the printing mode and can b	e :	
	m Mode Vertical Horizontal dots dots			
	0	Normal	203 DPI	203 DPI
	1Double width203 [203 DPI	101 DPI
	2	Double height	101 DPI	203 DPI
	3 Double height and double width 101 I		101 DPI	101 DPI
	 When a download bit image has not been defined, this command is ignored. Command ESC @ (initialization of the printer) does not clear downloaded bit image. A portion of a download bit image exceeding one line length is not printed. 			

84. (GS :) Starting/Ending macro definitions

Code	[1Dh] + [3Ah]
Description	Specifies starting/ending macro definition. Maximum content available for macro definition is 4094 bytes . After the last byte of data, the command is sent once again to define the end.
	Even with ESC @ (initialization of the printer) having been executed, defined content is not cleared. Therefore, it is possible to include ESC @ into the content of macro definition.
	Normal printing operation is carried out even while in macro definition.

85. (GS B) Enable / Disable inverse printing (white on black)

Code	[1Dh] + [42h] + n
Description	n is from 0 to 25 5, but only LSB is checked.
	Value 0: Disable inverse printing.
	Value 1: Enable inverse printing.
	Default value: 0.

86. (GS C) Read the Real Time Clock

Code	[1Dh] + [43h]	
Description	The co	ommand returns the current value of the RTC as string.
	Returi	ned data format (21 bytes):
	YY MM DD WW hh mm ss[00h]	
	YY Year without the century (00-99)	
	мм	Month (01-12)
	DD	Day (01-31)
	WW Day of the week (01-07)	
	hh Hour (00-23)	
	mm	Minutes (00-59)
	SS	Seconds (00-59)

	Field separator is space symbol (ASCII 32h).
	Data are terminated with ASCII 00h.
	The command exists in printer versions 1.12 or newer.

87. (GS H) Selecting Printing position of HRI Code

Code	[1Dh] + [48h] + n	
Description	Selecting printing position of HRI code when printing barcodes. n is between 0 and 3 or between '0' and '3' :	
	Value: Printing position:	
	0	No printing
	1	Above the barcode
	2	Below the barcode
	3	Both above and below the barcode

88. (GS L) Setting the left margin

Code	[1Dh] + [4Ch] + n1 + n2
Description	This command sets the position in dots (1/203 inches), from which begins printing of each line. This command only works when it is entered at the beginning of a line. The value of the left margin is n1+256*n2 dots.
	Default value is 0.
The command is valid in standard mode only.	

89. (GS Q) Printing 2-D (two dimensional) barcodes

Code	[1Dh] + [51h] + n +			
Description	n selects the type of barcode:			
	2 or ' 2 ': PDF417 6 or ' 6 ': QR Code			
PDF417				
Code	[1Dh] + [51h] + n + Type + + nh +Data _i	+ EncMode + ECCL+Size +nl		

Description	Туре		PDF417 type				
				Standard	1	1:	Truncated
	EncMode		Encoding mode				
		ECCL		Automat suitable	ic most encoding	1:	Binary encoding
	ECCI			Error correction control level. Possible values 0 to 9.			
	ECCL			ECCL =9 automatically selects correction level dependent on data length.			
	Size		(X :	cify one fr bar width, row height		llow	table:
	0	X=2, Y=4		8		X=12, Y=4	
	1	X=2, Y=9			9		X=12, Y=9
	2	X=2, Y=15			10		X=12, Y=15
	3	X=2, Y=20			11		X=12, Y=20
	4	X=7, Y=4			12		X=20, Y=4
	5	X=7, Y	=9		13		X=20, Y=9
	6	X=7, Y	=15		14		X=20, Y=15
	7	X=7, Y	=20		15		X=20, Y=20
	nl, nh			ecify lower 384).	byte and	uppe	r byte of data size
	Datai		Dat	a bytes			

QR Code

Code	[1Dh] + [51h] + n + Size + ECCL + nl + nh + Data _i		
Description	Size	Size of symbol. Possible values: 1, 4, 6, 8, 10, 12, 14	

ECCL	Error correction control level:
	1 : L (7%)
	2 : M (15%)
	3: Q (25%)
	4 : H (30%)
nl, nh	Specify lower byte and upper byte of data size (1 to 448).
Data _i	Data bytes

90. (GS R) Filling or inverting a rectangle in page mode

Code	[1Dh] + [52h] + xL + xH + yL + yH + dxL + dxH + dyL + dyH + n			
	xL and xH	Low and high byte of the horizontal position of the top left corner of the rectangle in the active page.		
	yL and yH	Low and high byte of the vertical position of the top left corner of the rectangle in the active page.		
	dxL and dxH Low and high byte of the width of the rectangle.			
	dyL and dyH	Low and high byte of the height of the rectangle.		
	n	Filling mode:		
		0 or '0' Rectangle area is cleared (white).		
		1 or '1' Rectangle area is filled (black).		
		2 or '2' Rectangle area is inverted.		
Description	The coordinates are relative to the left corner of the page, defined using ESC W (The print direction doesn't matter).			
	If some part of the rectangle is outside the page, only the part ins the page is filled.			
	The command is invalid in standard mode.			
The command i	The command is supported in firmware version 1.42 or higher.			

91. (GS S) Selecting 2-D barcode cell size

Code	[1Dh] + [53h] + n		
Description	This command sets the cell size for two dimensional barcode QR Code . Possible values for n :		
	0 or '0'	Cell size 3.	
	1 or '1'	Cell size 4.	

92. (GS T) Selecting the print direction in page mode

Code	[1Dh] + [54h] + n		
Description		selects the current print direction and set starting point ing to this direction.	
	Accepted value	s of n :	
	0 or '0'	Printing from left to right, feed to bottom. Starting point in left top corner of the page.	
	1 or '1'	Printing from bottom to top, feed to right. Starting point in left bottom corner of the page.	
	2 or '2'	Printing from right to left, feed to top. Starting point in right bottom corner of the page.	
	3 or '3'	Printing from top to bottom, feed to left. Starting point in right top corner of the page.	
\triangle	In page mode this command changes immediately the print direction. In standard mode the new value is memorized and used after entering page mode.		
The command is supported in firmware version 1.42 or higher.			

93. (GS U) Selecting standard mode

Code	[1Dh] + [55h]		
Description	The command switches from page mode to standard mode.		
	The whole memory area of page mode is cleared.		
	The command is invalid in standard mode.		
The command is supported in firmware version 1.42 or higher.			

94. (GS W) Setting the print area width

Code	[1Dh] + [57h] + n1 + n2
Description	This command sets the print area width in dots (1/203 inches). This command only works when it is entered at the beginning of a line.
	The defined value of print area width is n1+256*n2 dots.
	The default value is 384.
	The default value is 384.

The command is valid in standard mode only.

95. (GS X) Drawing a rectangular box with selected thickness in page mode

Code	[1Dh] + [58h] + xL + xH + yL + yH + dxL + dxH + dyL + dyH + n + d			
	xL and xH	Low and high byte of the horizontal position of the top left corner of the box in the active page.		
	yL and yH	Low and high byte of the vertical position of the top left corner of the box in the active page.		
	dxL and dxH	Low and high byte of the width of the box.		
	dyL and dyH	Low and high byte of the height of the box.		
	n	Filling mode:		
		0 or '0'	Area under the box is cleared (white).	
		1 or '1'	Area under the box is filled (black).	
		2 or'2'	Area under the box is inverted.	
Description	The coordinates are relative to the left corner of the page, defined using ESC W (The print direction doesn't matter).			
	If some part of the rectangle is outside the page, only the part inside the page is filled.The box thickness is always to the inner side of the rectangle.The command is invalid in standard mode.			
The command is supported in firmware version 1.42 or higher.				

Code	[1Dh] + [5Ah]			
Description	The command checks the whole memory of the page mode. The area from the first horizontal line wit at least 1 black dot to the last such line is printed. The printer does not leave page mode, current page start position and sizes are not changed. The printed width is 384 dots.			
The command is invalid in standard mode.				
The command is supported in firmware version 1.42 or higher.				

96. (GS Z) Printing the non blank page area only in page mode

97. (GS \) Specifying the relative vertical position in page mode

Code	[1Dh] + [5Ch] + nL + nH		
		nL Lower byte of the new vertical position	
		nH	Higher byte of the new vertical position
Description	The command sets new vertical print position relative to the current one. If the position is outside the currently active page, the command is not accepted. The real new coordinates depend on the print direction (selected using GS T). The command is invalid in standard mode.		
	The horizontal position is changed with commands ESC \$ and ESC \ – they work both in page and standard mode. The relative vertical offset is nL + 256*nH dots. Offsets in negative direction are given as complement of 65536 (n.=65536 - n).		
The command is supported in firmware version 1.42 or higher.			

98. (GS ^) Executing macro

Code	[1Dł	[1Dh] + [5Eh] + n1 + n2 + n3		
Description	n1	n1 The number of times of macro execution.		
		Between 1 and 255.		

n2	ms	Waiting time on macro execution. Waiting time of n2 x 100 msec is given for every execution. Between 1 and 255.	
n3		Macro execution mode. Possible values are:	
	0	0 Continuous execution: The Macro is executed n1 times continuously at the time intervals specified by n2 .	
	1	Execution by LF switch: When LF switch is pressed, the macro is executed once.	

99. (GS c) Setting the Real Time Clock

Code	[1Dh] + [63h] + YY MM DD WW hh mm[00h]		
Description	YY Year without the century (00-99)		
	MM Month (01-12)		
	DD Day (01-31)		
	WW Day of the week (01-07)		
	hh Hour (00-23)		
	mm Minutes (00-59)		
	Field separator is space symbol (ASCII 32h).		
	Data are terminated with ASCII 00h .		
	The command exists in printer versions 1.12 or newer.		
	The co	ommand clears the seconds!	

100.(GS f) Setting the font of HRI characters of the barcode

Code	[1DI	[1Dh] + [66h] + n	
Description	n ca	n can be the following values:	
	0	Font A.	
	1	Font B	

Code	[1Dh] + [68h] + n
Description	n is between 1 and FFh and it defines the heights of barcode in dots (1/203 inches).
	Default value: n=162.

101.(GS h) Setting the height of the barcode

102.(GS k) Printing the barcode

Code	(1) $[1Dh] + [6Bh] + m + D_i + [00h]$ or (2) $[1Dh] + [6Bh] + m + n + D_i$ or (3) $[1Dh] + [6Bh] + m + c + n1 + n2 + D_i$				
Description	Di	The data for the barcode. The number and possible characters depend on the type of barcode and are defined underneath.			
	n	It defines the ler	ngth of the da	ata when 65 <= m <= 73	
For 2-D barco	de PDF417	':			
	n1 and n2	They define the N=n1+256*n2. Max value is 10	C C	data:	
	С	It defines whether the barcode data are compressed. Possible values are 0 or 1.			
	m	It defines the typ	be of barcode	e and may be:	
	m (1)	Type of barcode	Length	Possible characters	
	0	UPC-A	11	48 <= D _i <= 57	
	1 UPC-E		11	48 <= D _i <= 57	
	2	EAN13 (JAN13)	12	48 <= D _i <= 57	
	3	EAN 8 (JAN8)	7	48 <= D _i <= 57	
	4	CODE 39	_	48 <= D _i <= 57, 65 <= D _i <= 90, 32, 36, 37, 43, 45, 46, 47	

5	ITF	_	48 <= Di <= 57
6	CODABAR (NW-7)	-	48 <= Di <= 57, 65 <= Di <= 68, 36, 43, 45, 46, 47, 58
m (2)	Type of barcode	Length	Possible characters
65	UPC-A	11	48 <= D _i <= 57
66	UPC-E	11	48 <= D _i <= 57
67	EAN13 (JAN13)	12	48 <= D _i <= 57
68	EAN 8 (JAN8)	7	48 <= D _i <= 57
69	CODE 39	-	48 <= D _i <= 57, 65 <= D _i <= 90, 32, 36, 37, 43, 45, 46, 47
70	ITF	-	48 <= D _i <= 57
71	CODABAR (NW-7)	-	48 <= D _i <= 57, 65 <= D _i <= 68, 36, 43, 45, 46, 47, 58
72	CODE 93	_	0 <= D _i <= 127
73	CODE 128	_	0 <= D _i <= 127
75	CODE 128 Auto	_	0 <= D _i <= 127
76	EAN 128	_	0 <= D _i <= 127

m (3)	Type of barcode	Length	Possible characters		
74	PDF417	-	0 <= Di <= 255		
If the barcode is wider than the print area for one line, the barcode is not printed.					

Additional information for Code 128:

Code 128 covers the range of ASCII codes from 0 to 127 with the help of 3 code sets A, B and C, which can be used in one and the same barcode.

Code set A:

Consists of characters with ASCII codes from 0 to 95 and function characters FNC1, FNC2, FNC3, FNC4, SHIFT, CODEB, CODEC.

Code set B:

Consists of characters with ASCII codes from 32 to 127 and function characters FNC1, FNC2, FNC3, FNC4, SHIFT, CODEA, CODEC.

Code set C:

It is used for coding sections of the barcode which consist only of digits. Each character defines 2 digits, that are coded with ASCII code from 0 to 99. Also possible are function characters FNC1, CODEA, CODEB.

The barcode always begins with one of the characters **CODEA**, **CODEB** or **CODEC**, which defines the code set that will be used. If necessary the code set can be changed by inserting one of these characters in the barcode. The character following **SHIFT** is treated as a character of code set **B** if the current code set is **A**, and as a character of code set **A** if the current code set is **B**. If a character unacceptable for the current code set is given then barcode is not printed.

Character	Coding			
	Decimal	Hexadecimal	Text	
FNC1	123, 49	7B, 31	{1	
FNC2	123, 50	7B, 32	{2	
FNC3	123, 51	7B, 33	{3	
FNC4	123, 52	7B, 34	{4	
CODEA	123, 65	7B, 41	{A	
CODEB	123, 66	7B, 42	{B	
CODEC	123, 67	7B, 43	{C	
SHIFT	123, 83	7B, 53	{S	
{	123, 123	7B, 7B	{{	

Function characters are defined with 2 bytes as follows:

Code 128 Auto uses the same code sets, but the printer test the data and automatically switches between the code sets, trying to print a minimum width barcode. D_i contains only the real data to be printed.

EAN 128 uses Code 128 code sets, but puts an FNC1 code in the beginning, and if human readable text is enabled, the text is separated in fields (Application identifiers). If any of the fields contains invalid data, the barcode is not printed. Code sets are switched automatically like **Code 128 Auto**.

103.(GS p) Setting for 2D barcode PDF417

Code	[1DI	[1Dh] + [70h] + e + c + r		
Description	е	It is an error correction level for barcode PDF417 . At value bigger than 8 the printer chooses automatically the appropriate level depending on the quantity of the coded data, else the defined value is being used.		
	С	It is the max number of columns, which the printer uses for printing the barcode.		
	r	It is max number of rows, which the printer uses for printing the barcode.		

104.(GS q) Selecting the height of the module of 2D barcode PDF417

Code	[1Dh] + [71h] + n
Description	n is between 4 and 32 including and is the height of one line from the barcode.
	By default n=18.

105.(GS w) Selecting the horizontal size (Scale factor) of the barcode

Code	[1Dh] + [77h] + n
Description	n is between 2 and 4 including and is the number of dots in barcode's fine element width.
	By default n=3.

106.(GS x) Direct text print in page mode

Code	[1Dh] + [78h] + xL + xH + yL + yH + sX + sY + Attr + D _i + [00h]		
Description	xL or xH	X coordinate of upper left corner of first letter.	
	yL or yH	Y coordinate of upper left corner of first letter.	
	sX	Size (multiplication) in horizontal direction. From 1 to 16 .	

SI		Size (multiplication) in vertical direction. From 1 to 16 .				
At		Print attributes. One byte from 0 to 255 . Each bit of Attr indicates the following:				
I	Bit Function Value 0 Va			Value 1		
	0		Font size	A (12x24 or 24x24)	B (9x16 or 16x16)	
	1		Not used			
	2		Not used			
	3		Bold	Enabled	Disabled	
	4		Not used			
	5		Not used			
	6		Not used			
	7			Not used	used	
Di	Data	Data.				
	Byte	es with ASCII codes below 20h are ignored.				
X	X and Y coordinates are xL+256*xH and yL+256*yH.					
	The currently active page direction, country and code table are used. From all print attributes only BOLD is used.					
	After every printed symbol X coordinate is automatically increased by symbol width + character space, multiplied by sX .					
	If some part of the symbol is not in the selected page area, the symbol is not printed.					
Tr	The command is executed in page mode only.					
The command is supported in firmware version 1.48 or higher.						

Option – Asian Languages Support

107.(FS !) Specifying printing mode of two-byte text data

Code	[1Ch]	[1Ch] + [21h] + n			
Description		Data are given in binary code. Each n bit indicates the following:			
	Bit	Function	Value 0	Value 1	
	0	Font size	24 x 24	16 x16	
	1		Undefined		
	2		Undefined		
	3	Double Height	Canceled	Specified	
	4	Double Width	Canceled	Specified	
	5		Undefined		
	6		Undefined		
	7	Undrline	Canceled	Specified	
	howev horizo charac	An underline is attached to the full character width, which, however, is not attached to the part having been skipped by the horizontal tab. Neither is it attached to 90°-right-turned characters.			
		nderline width is as hav		(FS -).	
	The d	The default setting is 1 dot width. If at the same time are given double height and/or double width and 90°-right-turning of character, then the sequence of execution is as follows:			
	and 90				
	ch	character is doubled in the direction indicated;			
	cł	character is turned at 90°-right-angle			

108.(FS &) Selecting the two-byte text mode – JIS or GB2312

Code	[1Ch] + [26h]	
Description	The command selects two-byte characters mode. Depending on the version of the printer, this may be:Each n bit indicates the following	
	Japanese version: JIS character table. First byte is between 20h and 7Fh, second byte between 00h and 7Fh. If outside this range, one-byte ASCII characters are printed.	

Chinese version: GB2312 (Simplified Chinese).
First and second bytes are between A0h and FFh.
If outside this range, one-byte ASCII characters are printed.

109.(FS -) Selecting/Cancelling Underline for two-byte text mode

Code	[1Ch] + [2Dh] + n		
Description	An underline is attached to the full character width. It is, however, not attached to the part having been skipped by horizontal tab command. An underline is not attached to 90°- right-turned characters.The following values of n are possible:0 or 30hCanceling an underline.1 or 31hSpecifying an underline of 1-dot width.		
	2 or 32h	Specifying an underline of 2-dots width.	

110.(FS .) Cancelling the two-byte text mode

Code	[1Ch] + [2Eh]
Description	The command cancels two-byte characters mode (JIS or GB2312 depending on the version). For Japanese version only:
	If Shift-JIS character mode was selected before using FS C command, then the printer returns to Shift-JIS mode instead to one byte ASCII text mode.

111.(FS 2) Defining one custom Kanji character

Code	$[1Ch] + [32h] + c_1 + c_2 + D_1 + + D_k$		
Description	c_1 =77h, c_2 =21h-2Fh (JIS) or c_1 =ECh, c_2 =40h-4Eh (Shift-JIS)		
	D_1 - D_k are data bytes.		
	Character data are sent starting from the top to bottom and from the left to right (vertical columns scanning), 3 bytes per column for large (24x24) font and 2 bytes per column for small (16x16) font, MSB first, bit ' 1 ' is black. 72 data bytes expected for large font, 32 for small font. When large font is selected, then one 24x24 character is defined, otherwise one 16x16 character is defined.		
	Downloaded characters are valid even after switching off the printer.		
	Kanji characters can be downloaded using command ESC & , too. In this case data are sent horizontally, like the ASCII characters.		
The command	The command is supported in firmware version 1.29 or higher.		

112.(FS C) Selecting Shift-JIS mode (Japanese version only)

Code	[1Ch] + [43h] + n		
Description	The command selects/cancels two-byte characters mode Shift-JIS . It is supported only in Japanese version of the printer. First byte is between 80h and 9Fh or between E0h and FFh , second byte between 40h and FFh . If outside this range, one-byte ASCII characters are printed. If both JIS and Shift-JIS modes are selected, the Shift-JIS mode is active . The following values of n are possible:		
	0 or 30h	Canceling two-byte Shift-JIS mode.	
	1 or 31h	Specifying two-byte Shift-JIS mode.	

113.(FS S) Specifying character spacing for two-byte text mode

Code	[1Cl	[1Ch] + [53h] + n1 +n2	
Description	The command sets the leftward and rightward space amount for two byte character mode.		
	n1	It specifies leftward space.	
	n2 It specifies rightward space.		
TI W		e space amount is set in dot unit (1/203 inch unit). e initial values are n1 =0 and n2 =0. en the font size is doubled the space between characters is also ubled. Possible values are from 0 to 63 dots.	

114.(FS W) Selecting double size characters for two-byte text mode

Code	[1Ch] + [57h] + n		
Description	The following values of n are possible:		
	0 or 30h	Canceling double size characters.	
	1 or 31h	Specifying double size characters.	
	Double size characters may be selected using command FS.		